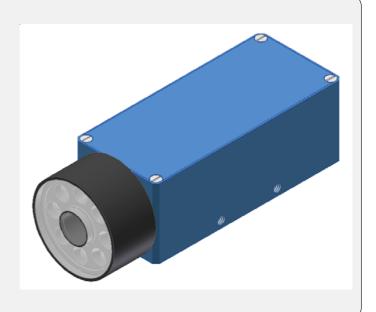
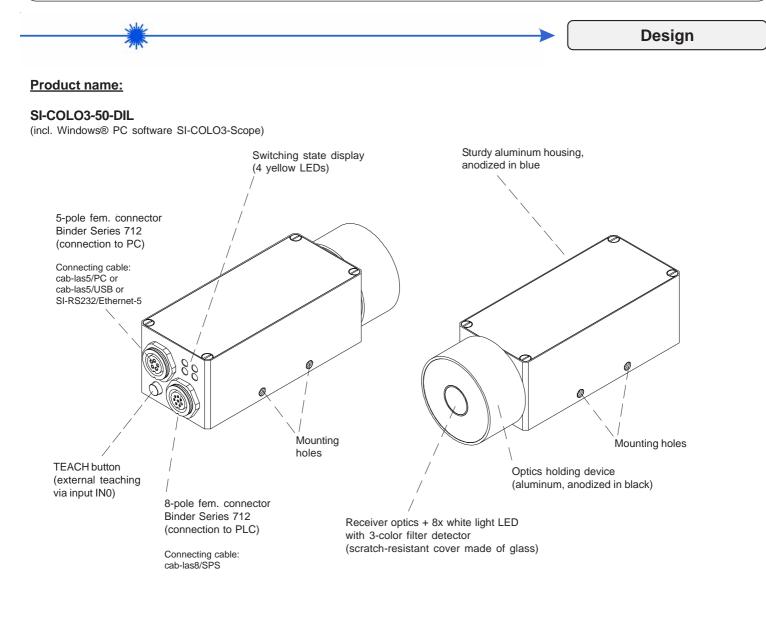
SI-COLO Series

SI-COLO3-50-DIL

- Measuring range typ. 10 mm ... 100 mm
- Reduction of gloss effect due to diffuse illumination
- Up to 15 colors can be stored
- 8x white-light LED, 100 kHz modulated, diffuse
- Color and gray scale detection
- Insensitive to outside light
- Brightness correction can be activated
- Several TEACH functions (via PC, PLC, or push button)
- RS232 interface (USB and Ethernet adapter available)
- Various evaluation algorithms can be activated
- Switching state display by means of 4 yellow LEDs
- 'Averaging' can be activated (from 1 up to over 32000 values)
- Material adaptation can be activated ("Adaptive Control")



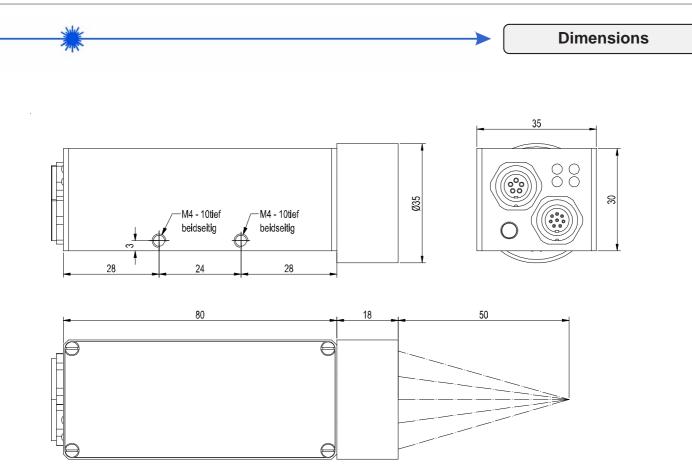


Sensor 💥

Technical Data

Model	SI-COLO3-50-DIL	
Light source	8x white-light LED, modulated 100 kHz, diffuse	
Target distance	typ. 10 mm 100 mm	
Detection range (half intensity width)	typ. 20 mm (at a distance of 50 mm) 31 mm (at a distance of 80 mm)	
Reproducibility	In the X,Y color range 1 digit each at 12 bit A/D conversion	
Receiver	3-color filter detector	
Alternating light operation	100 kHz	
Ambient light	up to 5000 Lux	
Type of protection	IP64	
Current consumption	<220 mA	
Interface	RS232, parameterizable under Windows®	
Connector type	Connection to PLC: 8-pole female connector (Binder Series 712) Connection to PC: 5-pole female connector (Binder Series 712)	
Connecting cables	to PLC: cab-las8/SPS or cab-las8/SPS-w to PC/RS232 interface: cab-las5/PC or cab-las5/PC-w to PC/USB interface: cab-las5/USB or cab-las5/USB-w, to PC/Ethernet interface: SI-RS232/Ethernet-5	
EMC test acc. to	DIN EN 60947-5-2 CE	
Housing	Aluminum, anodized in blue Optics holding device made of aluminum, anodized in black	
Operating temperature range	-20°C +55°C	
Storage temperature range	-20°C +85°C	
Pulse lengthening	adjustable under Windows® 0 ms 100 ms	
Max. switching current	100 mA, short-circuit protected	
Switching frequency	Max. 1.6 kHz with 15 teach-in colors, max. 11.5 kHz with 1 teach-in color, max. 95 kHz with contrast detection	
Input digital (1x)	IN0 (Pin 3), digital (0V/+24V) or teach button at the housing	
Outputs digital (4x)	OUT0 OUT3 (Pin 4 7): digital (0V/+24V), npn-/pnp-able (bright-/dark-switching, can be switched)	
Averaging	over 32768 values max.	
Voltage supply	+24VDC (± 10%), protected against polarity reversal, overload protected	
Switching state display	Visualization by means of 4 yellow LEDs	
Color memory capacity	Non-volatile EEPROM with parameter sets for 15 colors max.	
TEACH button	for external teaching of color reference values via input IN0	
Temperature drift X,Y	ΔΧ/ΔΤ; ΔΥ/ΔΤ typ. 0,3 digits/°C (< 0,01% / °C)	

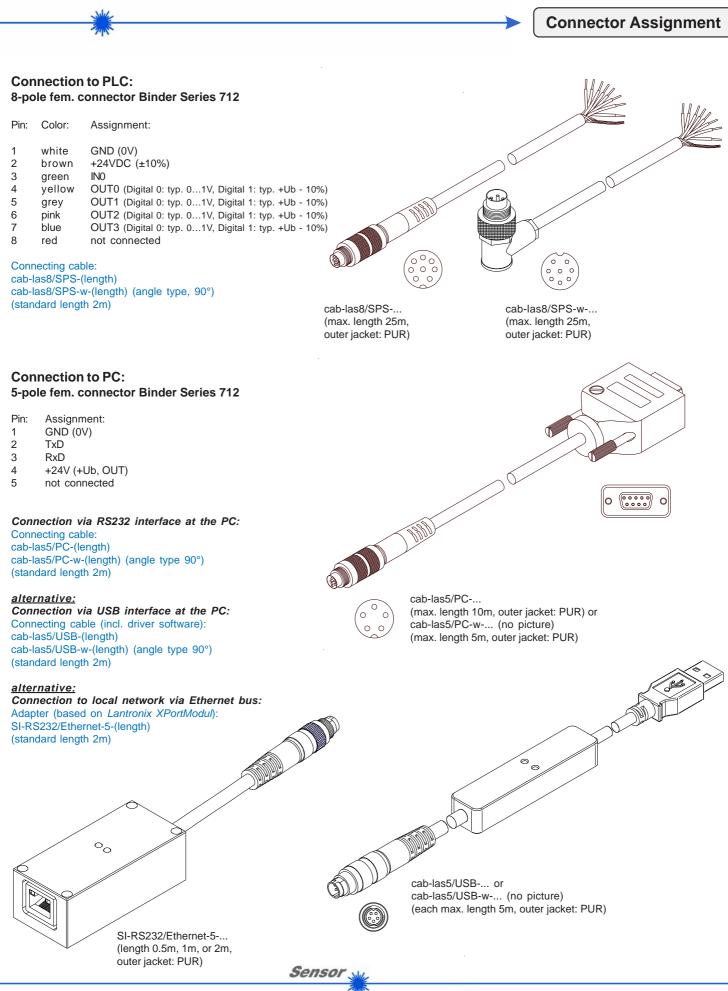
Sensor N



All dimensions in mm



Sensor .



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Measuring Principle

Measuring principle of the SI-COLO3 color sensor:

The SI-COLO3 color sensor detects the radiation that is diffusely reflected by the target. The SI-COLO3 color sensor uses a white-light LED with adjustable power as a light source. A triple receiver for the RED, GREEN, and BLUE content of the light reflected from the target is used as a receiver. With the stepless adjustment of the integrated light source and the selectable gain of the receiver signal the sensor can be set to almost any surface.

The SI-COLO3 color sensor can be "taught" up to 15 colors. Tolerances can be set for every taught color. In X/Y INT or s/i M mode the tolerances represent a color cylinder in space. In X/Y/INT or s/i/M mode the tolerance represents a color sphere in space. Color evaluation according to s/i M and s/i/M uses the Lab calculation method. All the modes can be used in combination with various operating modes, among others "FIRST HIT" and "BEST HIT". The raw data are represented with 12 bit resolution. Color detection either operates continuously or is started by means of an external SPC trigger signal.

The respective detected color either is output as binary code at the 4 digital outputs, or it can be sent directly to the outputs, if only up to 4 colors are to be detected. Simultaneously the detected color code is visualised at the SI-COLO3 housing by means of 4 LEDs. With the TEACH button at the sensor housing the sensor can be taught up to 15 colors. For this purpose the corresponding evaluation mode must be set with the software. The TEACH button is connected in parallel to the input IN0 (green wire of cable cab-las8/SPS).

Through the RS232 interface parameters and measured values can be exchanged between the PC and the SI-COLO3 color sensor. All the parameters for color detection can be stored in the non-volatile EEPROM of the SI-COLO3 color sensor. When parameterization is finished the color sensor continues to operate with the current parameters in "stand alone" mode without a PC.

The sensors of the SI-COLO3 V6.4 series can be calibrated (white light balancing). Balancing can be performed to any white surface. A ColorCheckerTM table with 24 color fields according to CIE standard is available as an alternative, and white light balancing or calibration can then be performed to one of the white fields.



Windows® user interface:

The Windows® user interface facilitates the teach-in process at the color sensor and supports the operator in the task of adjustment and commissioning of the color sensor.

₩ SI-COLO3-SCOPE ¥6.4	SI-COL03-SCOPE V6.4					
SI-COLO3-Scope V6.4						
CONNECT PARA TEACH TABLE GROUPS RECORDER CALIBRATE TABLE ATTRIBUTES POWER MODE STATIC POWER (pm)		P 0				
0 500 1000 DVN WIN LO 8200 EVYN WIN HI 3800 AVERAGE 4096	INT 7000-					
INTEGRAL 1 MAXCOL-No. 1 OUTMODE DIRECT HI	delta C 1 3000					
HOLD [ms] 10 EVALUATION MODE BEST HIT CALCULATION MODE X/Y INT						
EXTEACH OFF TRIGGER CONT	0 500 1000 1500 2000 2500 3000 3500 4096	34/09				

setting parameters such as:
- POWER MODE:

The RS232 interface (PARA tab) is used for

- FOWERMODE.
 Light power of the white light LED
 AVERAGE:
- Averaging over max. 32768 values
 INTEGRAL:

 This function field is used to set the number of scan values (measurement values) over which the raw signal measured at the receiver is summed up. This integral function allows the reliable detection even of extremely weak signals.
 TRIGGER:

 Trigger continuous, external, or self trigger

 MAXCOL-No.:

 Number of colors to be checked
 GROUPS:
- Olicol S.
 Colors can be assigned to certain groups
 OUTMODE:
- Control of the digital outputs - INTLIM:
- Setting of a minimum intensity limit for color evaluation
- HOLD:
- Pulse lengthening up to max. 100 ms

Under Windows® representation of the color value on a PC in numeric form and in a color chart, and representation of RGB values in a time chart. In addition the current RGB values are displayed as a bar chart.

Sensor

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4057

\$ 4069 \$ 4062

\$ 4057



Offset calibration:

To avoid an increase of the electronic offset when using the integral function (INTEGRAL parameter), this offset can be eliminated by way of offset calibration or zero-point calibration. The corresponding tab is password-protected to prevent inadvertent incorrect settings.

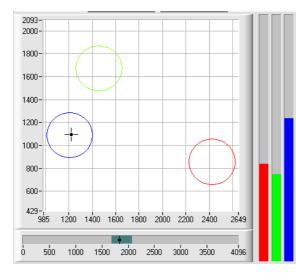
RED GREEN BLUE DELTA 3383 3529 3261 268 MAX DELTA OF RAW DATA RAW DATA 500 SETVALUE FOR R.G. B 3000 1001 CALC CALIB FACTORS 1001	PASSWORD PANEL ENTER PASSWORD	Make sure that transmitter is off. POWER=0. Push CALCULATE OFFSET to detect the offset Push SEND OFFSET to update the sensor. DISPLAY FOR OFFSET RED 400 DISPLAY FOR OFFSET GREEN 400 DISPLAY FOR OFFSET BLUE 400 CALCULATE OFFSET
CF_RED = 1024 CF_GREEN = 1024		EDIT BOX FOR OFFSET RED 40 EDIT BOX FOR OFFSET GREEN 40
CF_BLUE		EDIT BOX FOR OFFSET BLUE
SEND CF		SEND OFFSET
GET CF		GET OFFSET
· · · ·		P

Graphic display elements:



SOURCE:

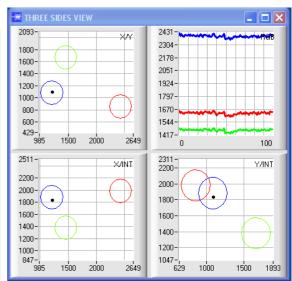
A click on the arrow button opens a selection field for the selection of a display mode in the graphic display window.



X/Y INT bzw. s/i M:

X/Y or s/i pairs are displayed in a zoomed graph. The intensity INT or M with the tolerance window set under No .: is shown directly below. Two-side view of the color cylinder in space.

This display shows the temperature prevailing in the sensor housing.



X/Y/INT bzw. s/i/M:

A panel opens that shows the taught color spheres and the current color position. For improved representation a three-side view with the graphs X/Y (s/i), X/INT (s/M) and Y/INT (i/M) was chosen.



delta C

The display DOES NOT show degrees Centigrade or Fahrenheit.

delta C:

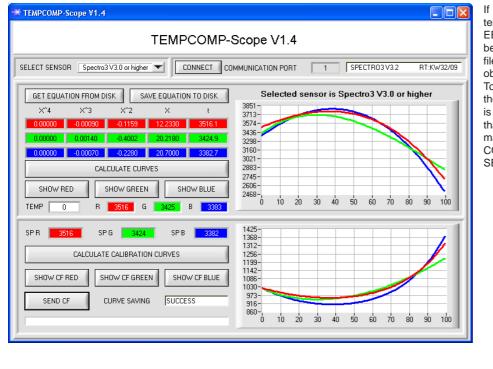
This display (delta color) shows the deviation from a color hit, delta C corresponds with ΔE that is calculated in a color measurement.

Sensor

TEMP:

Temp. Compensation

Operation of the TEMPCOMP-Scope software:



If a firmware update should go wrong and the temperature characteristics that are stored in the EEPROM should be lost, these characteristics must be created anew. For this purpose you will need a file with the corresponding data. This file can be obtained from your supplier.

To perform temperature compensation please start the corresponding TEMPCOMP-Scope software that is included on the supplied CD. Please make sure that you have a functioning sensor connection. It may be necessary to select the connection with CONNECT. Set the correct sensor under SELECT SENSOR, if this is not done automatically.

Firmware Update

Firmware Update by means of the software Program Loader:

* PROGRAM LOADER V4.0					
ESTABLISH CONNECTION					
SELECT COMPORT [1256] 🗧 1 BAUDRATE 19200 🔽 TRY TO CONNECT					
FIRMWARE UPDATE					
READ FIRMWARE FROM DISK	CLEAR WINDOW				
ARM PROGRAM LOADER	DISARM PROGRAM LOADER				
It is STRONGLY recommended to UPDATE the FIRMWARE according to the MANUALI SPECTRO3 V3.2 RT:KW32/09					
CREATE EEPF					
READ EEPROM DATA FROM SENSOR SAVE EEPROM DATA TO SENSOR					
EEPROM TRANSFER FILE					

The software "Program Loader" allows the user to perform an automatic firmware update. The update will be carried out through the RS232 interface.

An initialisation file (xxx.ini) and a firmware file (xxx.elf.S) are required for performing a firmware update. These files can be obtained from your supplier. In some cases an additional firmware file for the program memory (xxx.elf.p.S) is also needed, and this file will be automatically provided together with the other two files.

A plausibility check is performed after the initialisation file has been loaded with the Program Loader. If the initialisation file was changed or damaged, it will not be possible to perform a firmware update.

When the plausibility check is successfully completed, the instructions contained in the initialisation file will be carried out step by step.

The complete memory contents of the micro-controller in the sensor will be deleted in a firmware update. This means that both the program in the program memory and the data in the data memory will be lost.

The new firmware automatically writes the correct data to the program memory again.

However, the parameter settings, temperature curves, linearization curves, etc. that are stored in the data memory (EEPROM) will be deleted.

With the Program Loader V4.0 software the data will be saved in the EEPROM, and can be written back again after successful firmware update. For this purpose the software creates an EEPROM backup file.

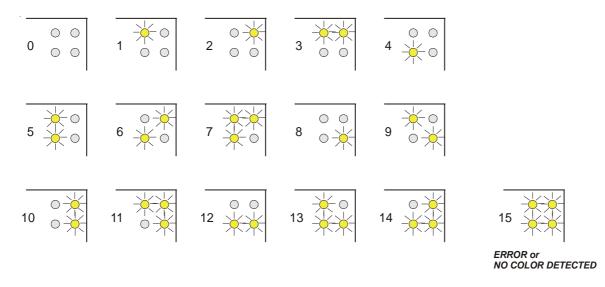
Sensor



LED display:

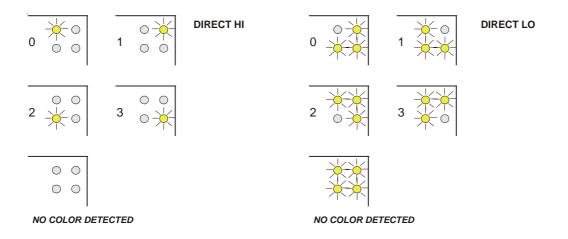
The color code is visualised by way of 4 yellow LEDs at the housing of the SI-COLO2 color sensor. At the same time in the binary modus (OUT BINARY) the color code indicated on the LED display is output as 4-bit binary information at the digital outputs OUT0 to OUT3 of the 8-pin SI-COLO3/PLC socket.

The SI-COLO3 color sensor is able to process a maximum of 15 colors (color code 0 ... 14) in accordance with the corresponding rows in the COLOR TEACH TABLE. An "error" respectively a "not detected color" is displayed by the lighting of all LED (OUT0 .. OUT3 digital outputs are set to HIGH-level).



In the DIRECT mode (OUT DIRECT HI or OUT DIRECT LO) the maximum numbers of colors to be teached is 4 (color no. 0, 1, 2, 3). If DIRECT HI is activated, the specially digital output is set to HI. If the current color does not correspond with any of the teach-in colors, color C-No = 0 is set, i.e. all digital outputs are set to LOW (no LED is lighting).

If DIRECT LO is activated, the specially digital output is set to LO, while the other 3 are set to HI. If the current color does not correspond with any of the teach-in colors, color C-No = 255 is set, i.e. all digital outputs are set to HIGH (all LED are lighting).



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Diagrams

Diagrams: DETECTION RANGE (HALF INTENSITY WIDTH) and RELATIVE INTENSITY SI-COLO3-50-DIL

Detection range (half intensity width d) SI-COLO3-50-DIL:

20 mm (typ.) at a working distance of 50 mm

